



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY

Nuclear Energy

Reprocessing Plant-Level Toolkit Architecture

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NEAMS PI Meeting

L'Enfant Plaza Hotel, Washington DC

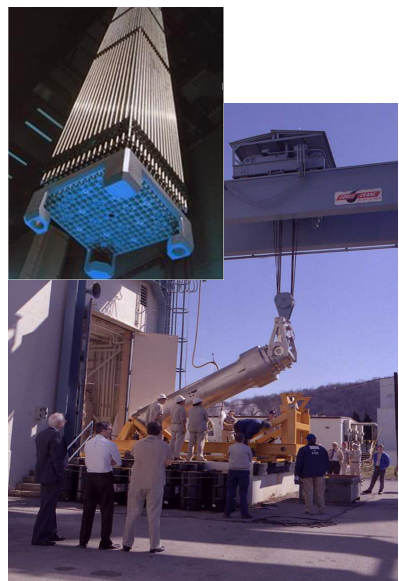
18-20 October 2010

SafeSeps IPSC Toolkit

➤ **NEAMS Safeguards and Separations:** Develop a toolkit for realizing models of a modular reprocessing plant:

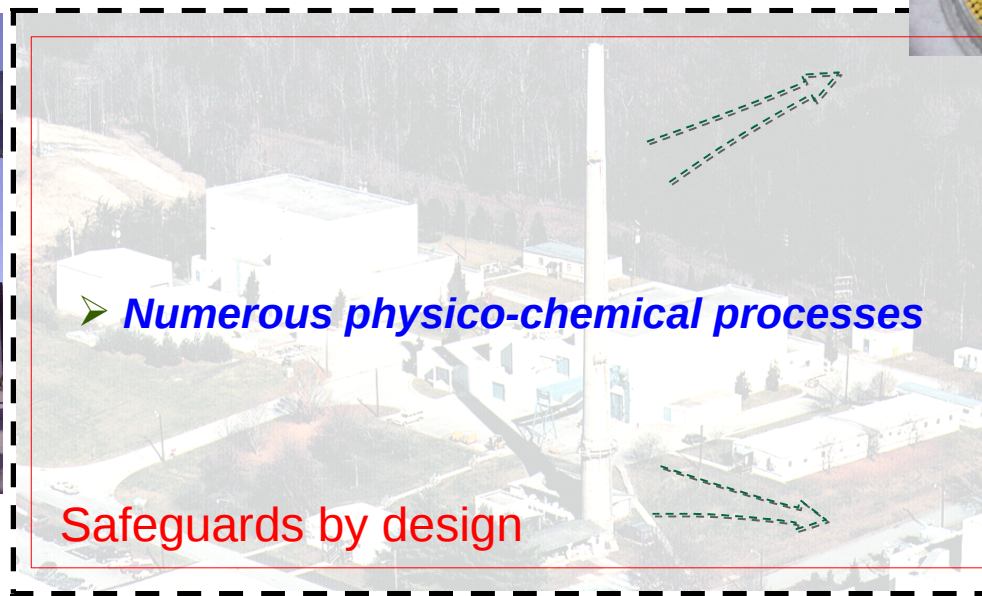
- Generic; including aqueous, electrochemical, and alternative reprocessing methods.
- Dynamic, coupled, hierarchical across physical scales, and extensible.
- Safeguards by design.

Used Nuclear Fuel



fuel receiving

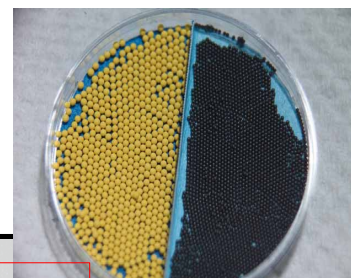
Reprocessing Plant



➤ *Numerous physico-chemical processes*

Safeguards by design

Product Forms



Fuel Fab

U/Pu/Np forms

Waste Disposal

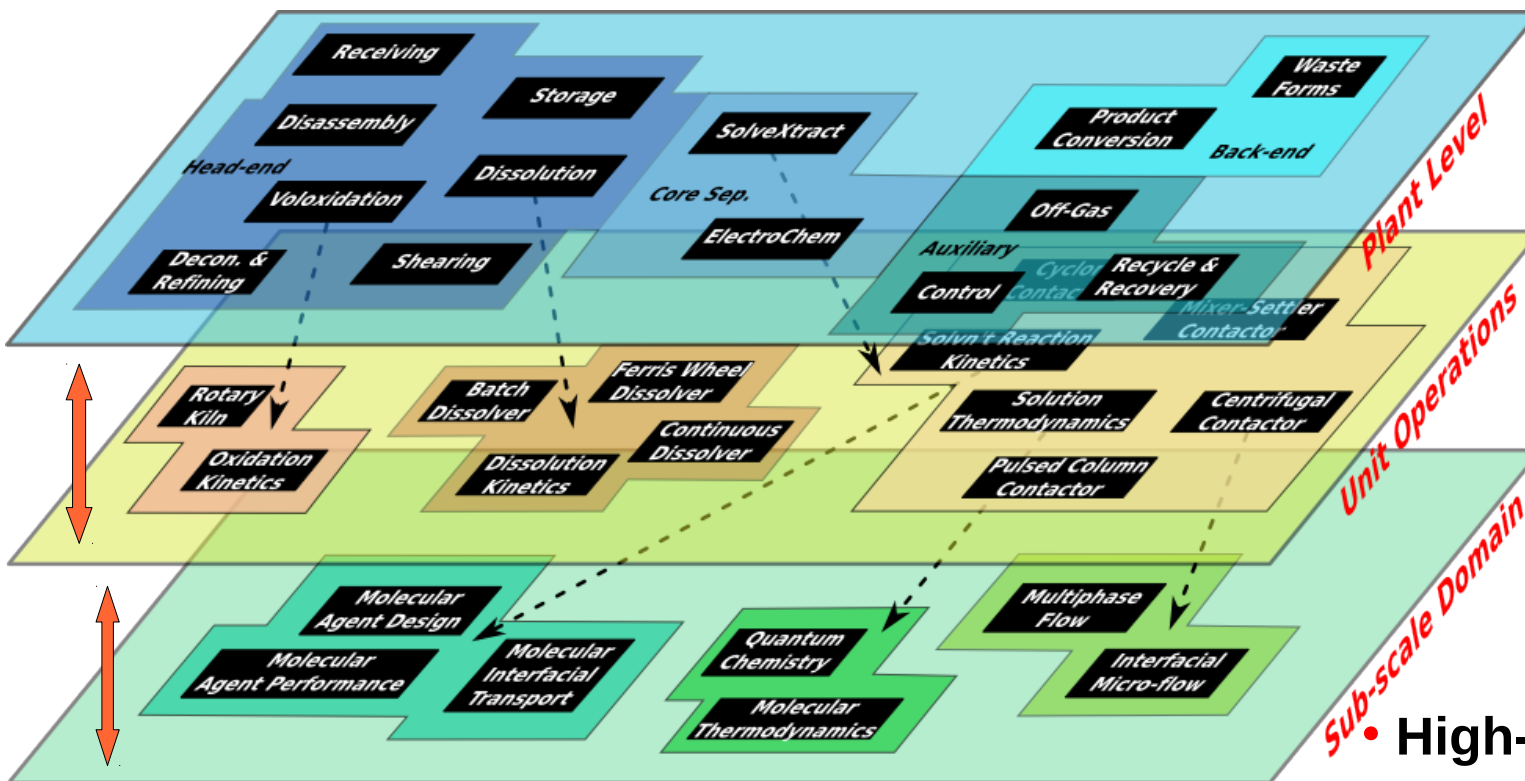
Waste Forms



Nuclear Reprocessing Simulation Toolkit

➤ Multi-tiered approach

- **Plant-level:**
 - Low-order, time-dependent, tightly coupled, semi-empirical
- **Unit Operations:**
 - Higher order, time-dependent, loosely coupled, continuum
- **Sub-scale Domain:**
 - Electronic, atomistic, particle-based, structured continuum, stand-alone



• Desktop computing

• Cluster computing

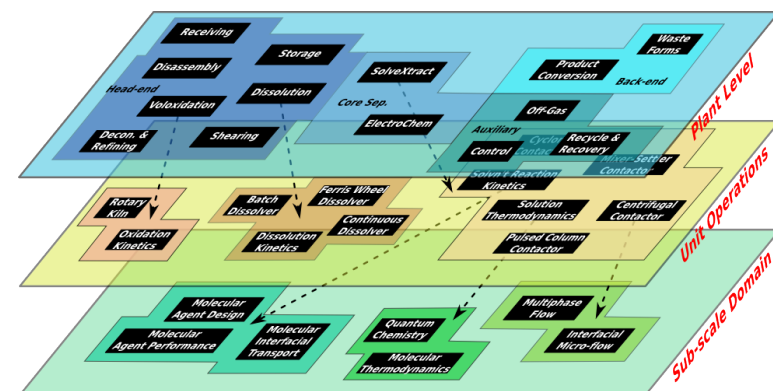
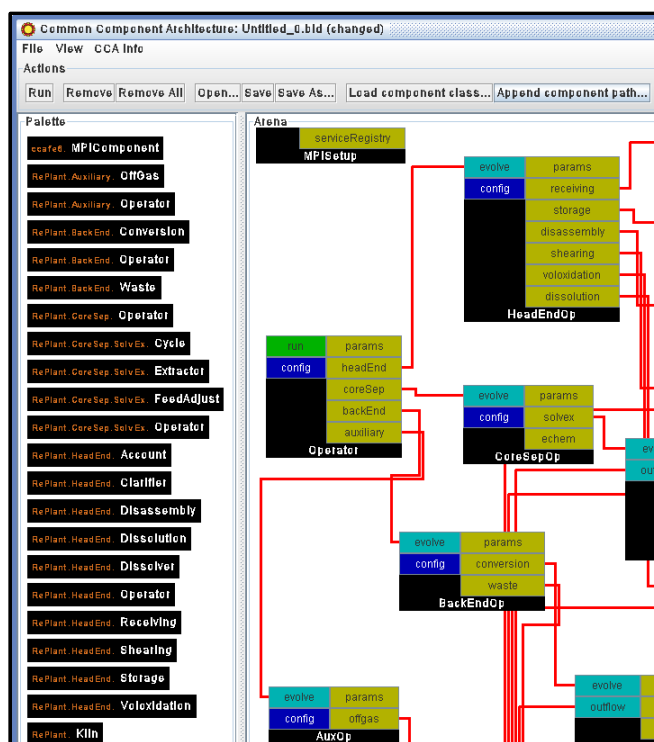
• High-end parallel computing

Multi-tiered Implementation

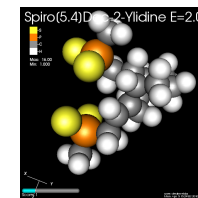
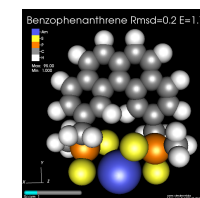
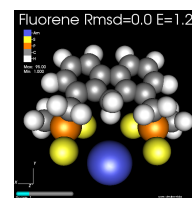
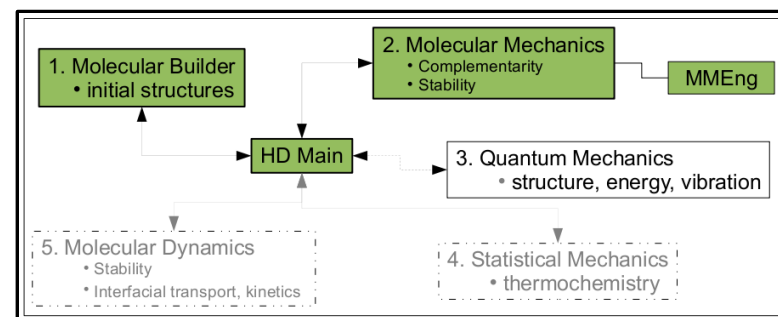
➤ Multi-tiered implementation

- **Top-down:**
 - Plant-level components for all reprocessing processes
- **Bottom-up:**
 - Prioritized processes that help users in the short-term

Plant-level



Solvent Extraction Agent Design



➤ NE Fuel Cycle R&D

- Separations and waste forms technical area
- Quantitative PIRT re-analysis

- Minor Actinides Separations Sigma Team
 - New ligands for Am/Cm separation

Plant-Level Toolkit Status

➤ Using open source Common Component Architecture tools:

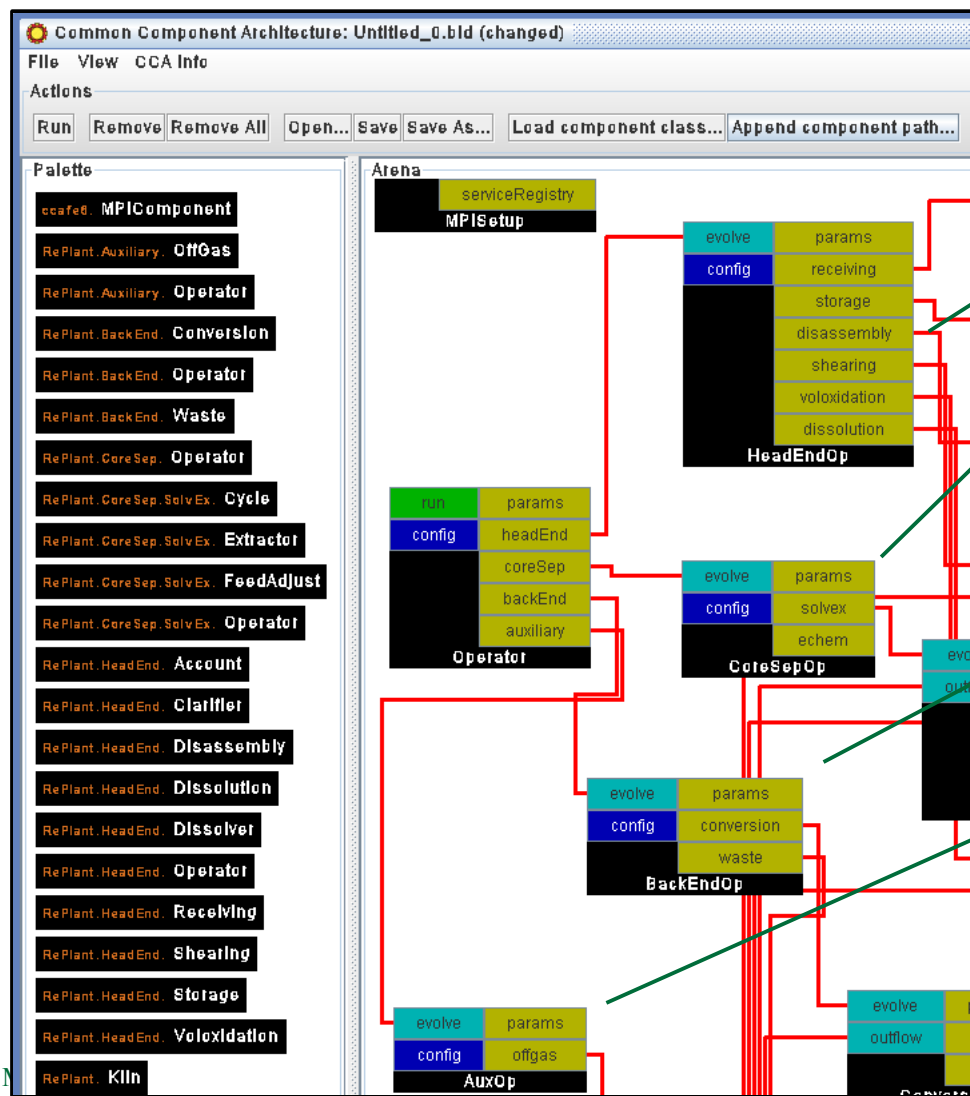
- Adopted the CCA specification
- Used Ccaffeine framework to compose a plant-level application
- Took advantage of Babel's language interoperability through SIDL
- Adopted a library wrapping approach for existing plant-level codes
- MPI-ready for testing in parallel

➤ Sub-systems

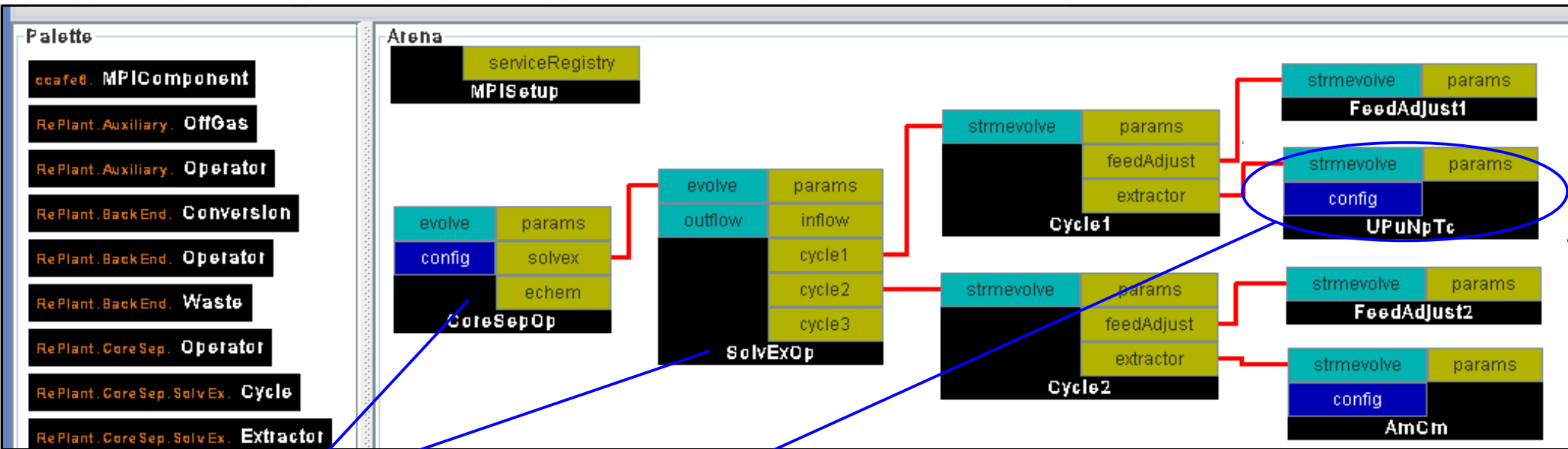
- Head-End
 - Voloxidation
 - Dissolution
- Core Separation
 - Aqueous based
 - Solvent extraction
 - Electrochemistry
- Back-End
 - Conversion
 - Waste
- Auxiliary
 - Off-gas

• Material transport

- SIDL class for a stream
- SIDL array of streams



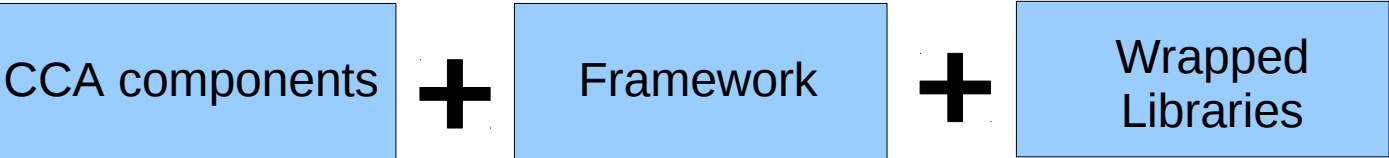
Stand-alone Library Approach



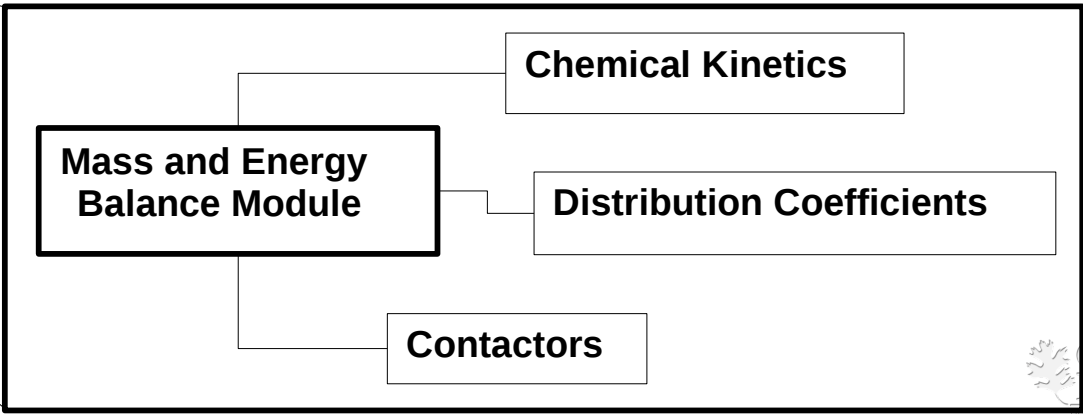
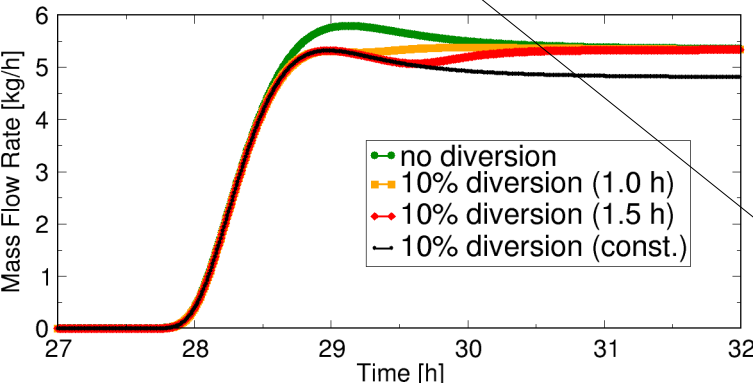
algorithm logic

underlying library

library wrappers



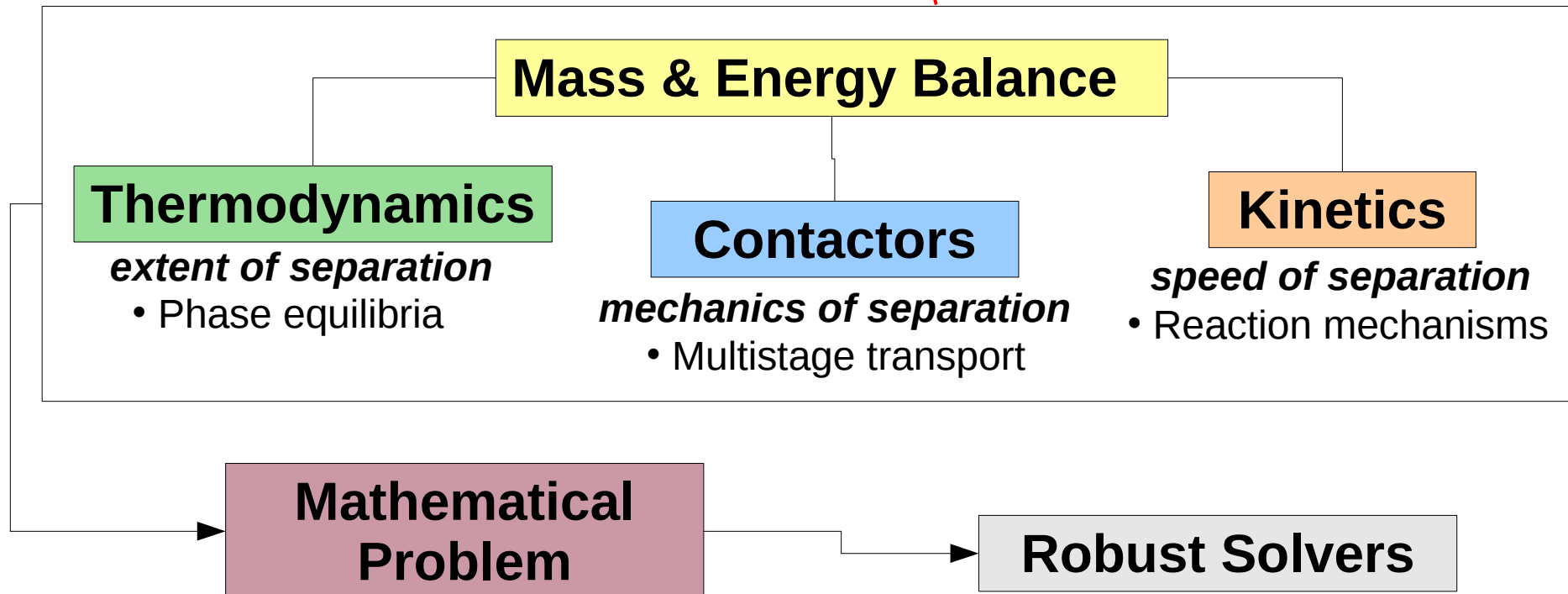
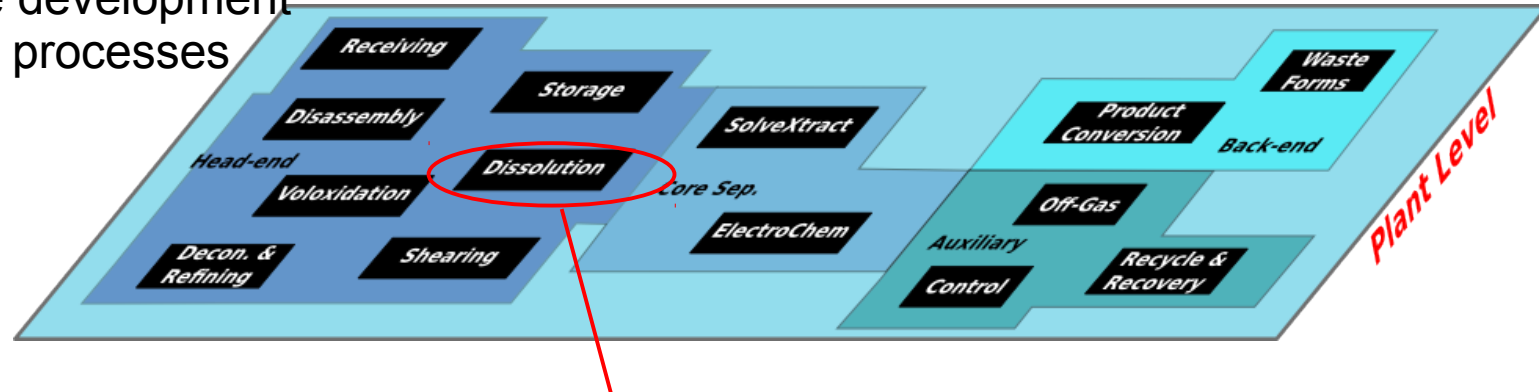
Solv. Extr.
Contactor Bank



Plant Process Commonality

➤ Chemical separation processes “architecture”:

- Re-usable architecture will help guide modeling of different processes
- Paves the way for incorporating sub-scale calibrations
- Reduces time of code development
- Applies to many plant processes

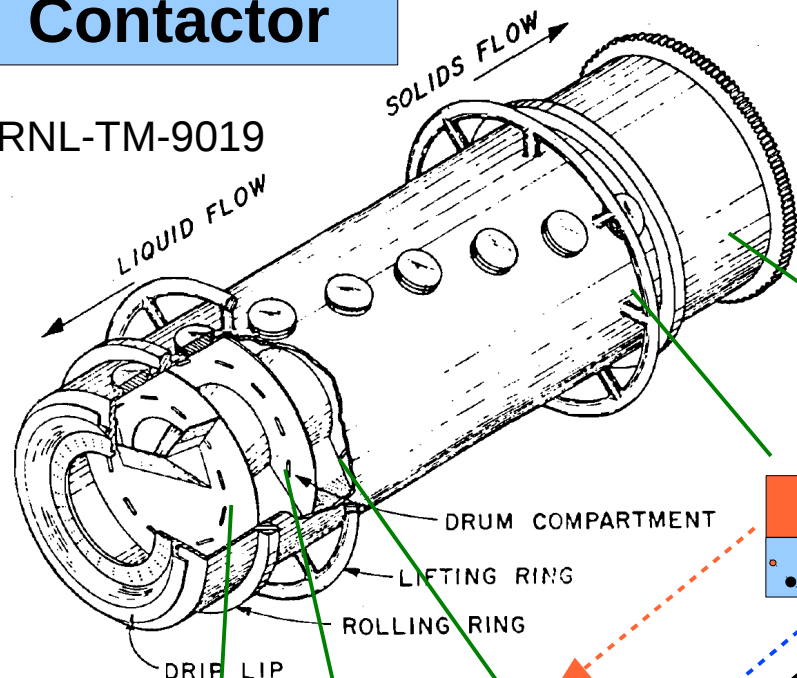


Fuel Dissolution Mechanics

Contactor

ORNL/DWG. 79-18915

ORNL-TM-9019



Function

- Leach fuel in boiling HNO_3 aqueous stream
- Wash cladding
- "Accountability"

Materials

- **Feed:** solids, liquid, gas
- **Product:** liquid
- **Outflow:** off-gas, solids

Continuous Process

- Countercurrent (intermittent solid flow)
- Rotary dissolver

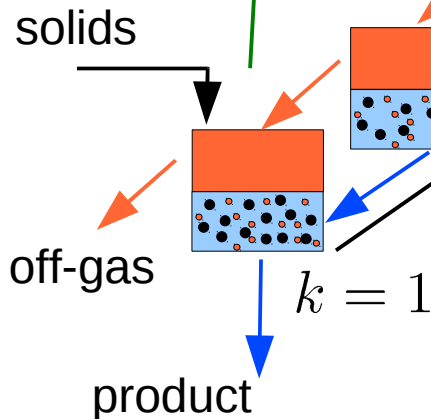
Prototype

- Rotary dissolver
- DOE Fuel Reprocessing Program 70-80's
- 0.5 ton/day HM full-scale ORNL

k th Stage "Volume Balance"

$$\frac{dV_{\ell}^{(k)}}{dt} = -W(V_{\ell}^{(k)}) + F^{k+1}$$

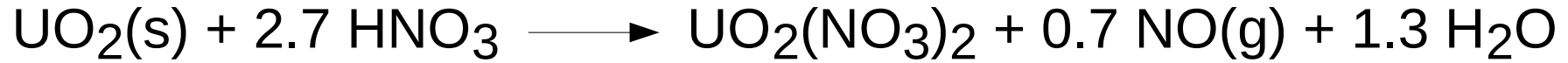
experimentally measured (ORNL-TM-9019)



Additional Dissolution Components

Kinetics

Overall reaction mechanism



$$K_{\text{UO}_2} = 0.480 f [\text{HNO}_3]^2 \exp(-0.091 T_d)$$

experimental dissolution rate ORNL-TM-3695

surface roughness

% of theoretical UO_2 density

$$\dot{m}_{\text{UO}_2} = K_{\text{UO}_2}^{(k)} A_s$$

surface area

Thermodynamics

Non-ideal liquid solution

$$\rho_\ell^{(k)} = R(T, P, \rho_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}^{(k)}, \rho_{\text{HNO}_3}^{(k)}, \rho_{\text{UO}_2(\text{NO}_3)_2}^{(k)})$$

Mass & Energy Balance

Mass balance for each specie:

$$\begin{aligned} &\rho_{\text{UO}_2(\text{NO}_3)_2} \\ &\rho_{\text{HNO}_3} \\ &\rho_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{d\rho_i^{(k)}}{dt} V_\ell^{(k)} + \rho_i^{(k)} \frac{dV_\ell^{(k)}}{dt} = -F^{(k)} \rho_i^{(k)} + S_i^{(k)}$$

i th species
 k th stage

Common Computing Modules

Mathematical Problem

Non-linear DAE's

$$G\left(\frac{dx}{dt}, x, p(t), q(t)\right) = 0$$

state vector

operation parameters

source parameters

Coupling of plant-level components are expressed mathematically as sources

$$x(0) = x_0, p(0) = p_0, q(0) = q_0$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt}(0) = \dot{x}_0$$

Consistent initial conditions

Shearing

Dissolution

Robust Solvers

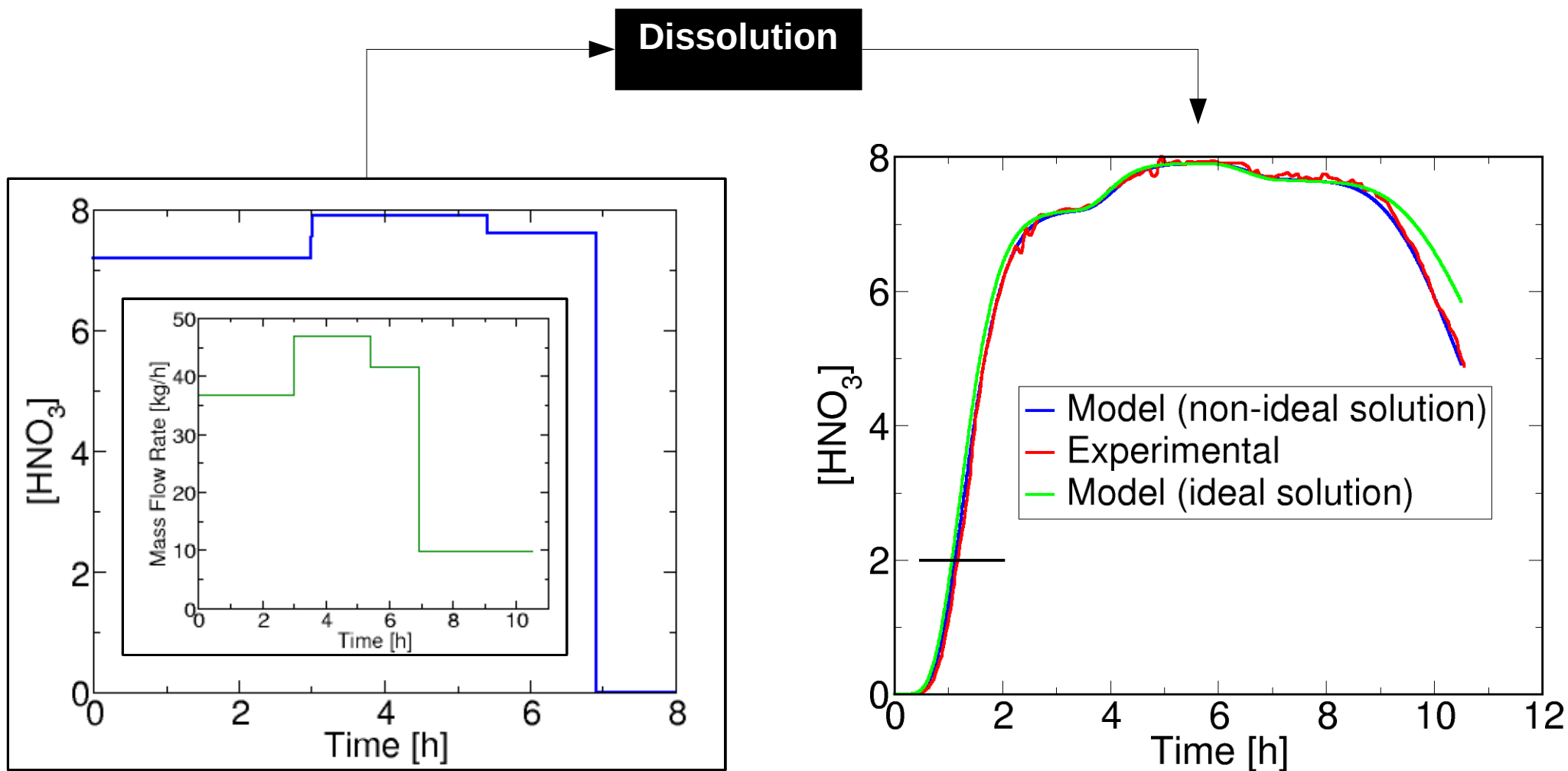
DASPK, DASPKSO, and others (including parallel versions)

➤ It is advantageous to work with the naturally occurring equations

Experimental Validation

ORNL-TM-9019

- Liquid flow simulation with upstream upset



- At 2 Molar, non-ideal liquid solution differs 3.4 min. from experiments (ideal solution 7 min.)

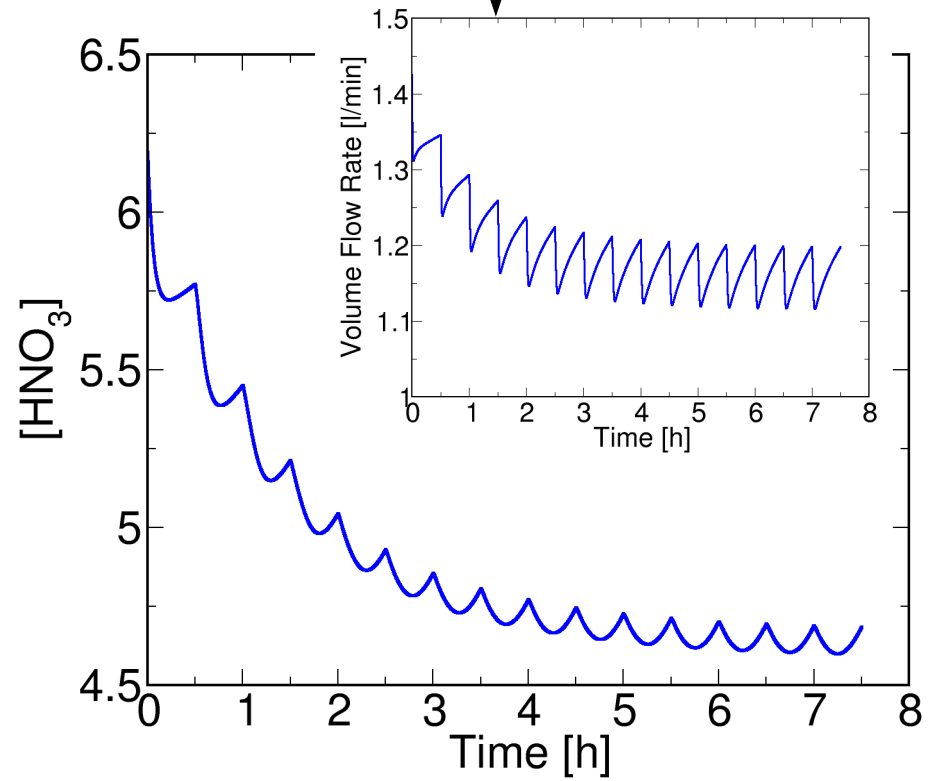
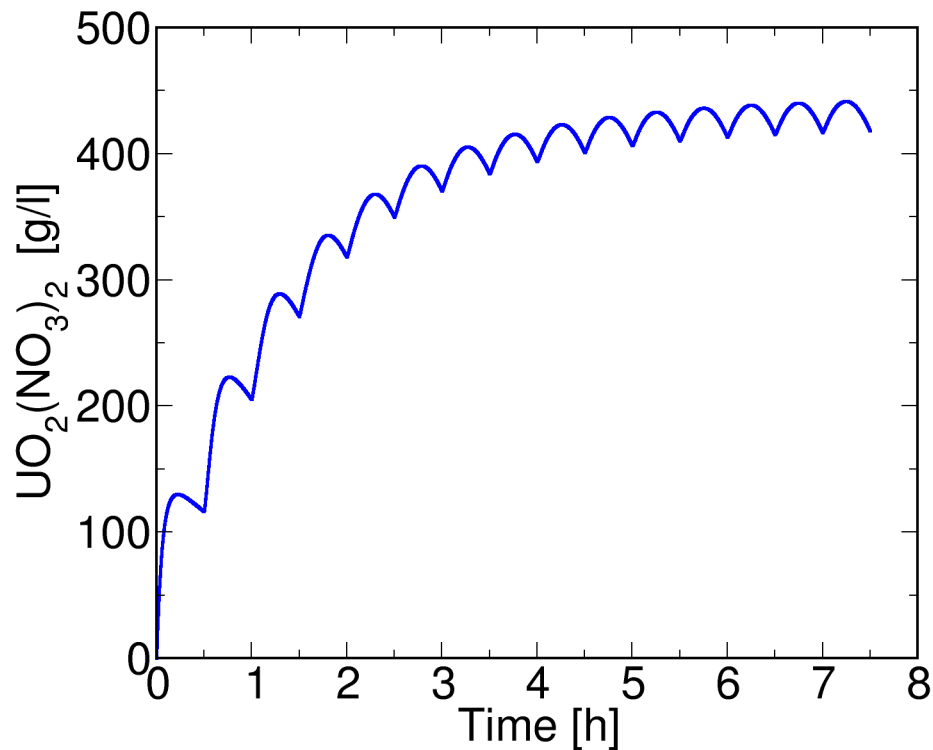
Additional Results

Shearing

Dissolution

- Product with suspended UO_2 particles ($<10\text{ }\mu\text{m}$ diameter)

- **Feed:** UO_2 pellets (0.5 cm diameter)
- **Cycle:** 30 minutes
- **Capacity:** 0.5 t/day



➤ Not validated; input data based on ORNL-TM-9019

Path Forward

- **Toolkit challenge problem PUREX process demonstration in FY11:**
 - Extend dissolution component to include fission products and off-gas.
 - Extend dissolution subsystem to include digester tanks and accountability tank
 - Extend solvent extraction component to include pulse column and centrifugal contactors.

- **Model Driven System Development framework for the toolkit:**
 - CCA tools are currently unsupported.
 - MDSD usage-driven system design is a better fit for the user community and stakeholders.
 - Joint development with NEAMS ECT crosscut toward Version 0.9 in FY12.